



INTRODUCTION

from the UK



- UK - one of the largest island nation in Western Europe
- Britain is home to modern parliamentary democracy
- Form of government - parliamentary monarchy
- Capital - London, one of the Europe's largest cities and a major global financial center

Things to Do LONDON

Big Ben



Big Ben - the bell tower in London, part of the architectural complex of the Palace of Westminster.

The official name - "Clock Tower, Palace of Westminster," as it is called the "Tower of St. Stephen"



The tower was built
In 1858, the clock tower were
set in motion May 21 1859





Big Ben - it's not the name of the tower, a 13-ton bell, which rings inside

- BIG BEN**
THE LARGEST BELL EVER CAST IN ENGLAND
AND THE FOUR QUARTER BELLS
FOR THE CLOCK TOWER OF THE NEW HOUSES
OF PARLIAMENT.
- 10 QUARTER**
27. 1/2 DIAMETER. NOTE, F. Natural.
Weight 1 Ton 1 Cwt.
- 10 QUARTER**
27. 1/2 DIAMETER. NOTE, F. Natural.
Weight 1 Ton 1 Cwt.
- NOTE D NATURAL. AS**
CAST BY JOHN WARNER & SONS,
BELL & BRASS FOUNDERS TO HER MAJESTY, CRESCENT FOUNDRY, LONDON.
DIAMETER BY MOUTH 27. 1/2. HEIGHT 27. 1/2. THICKNESS OF SOUNDING LIP 2 1/2. WEIGHT WITH CLAPPER About 2 Tons 22 Cwt.
- THE GREAT BRASS BELL CASTERS OF THE NEW HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT, LONDON, HAVE THE HONOR TO ANNOUNCE THAT THE GREAT BRASS BELL CAST BY THEM FOR THE NEW HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT, LONDON, HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY CAST, AND IS NOW IN THE PROCESS OF FINISHING. THE BELL IS OF THE WEIGHT OF 2 TONS 22 CWT., AND IS THE LARGEST BELL EVER CAST IN ENGLAND. THE BELL IS OF THE NOTE OF D NATURAL, AND IS THE FIRST BELL OF THIS NOTE EVER CAST IN ENGLAND. THE BELL IS OF THE THICKNESS OF SOUNDING LIP OF 2 1/2, AND IS THE FIRST BELL OF THIS THICKNESS EVER CAST IN ENGLAND. THE BELL IS OF THE HEIGHT OF 27 1/2, AND IS THE FIRST BELL OF THIS HEIGHT EVER CAST IN ENGLAND. THE BELL IS OF THE DIAMETER BY MOUTH OF 27 1/2, AND IS THE FIRST BELL OF THIS DIAMETER EVER CAST IN ENGLAND. THE BELL IS OF THE WEIGHT WITH CLAPPER OF 2 TONS 22 CWT., AND IS THE FIRST BELL OF THIS WEIGHT EVER CAST IN ENGLAND. THE BELL IS OF THE NOTE OF D NATURAL, AND IS THE FIRST BELL OF THIS NOTE EVER CAST IN ENGLAND. THE BELL IS OF THE THICKNESS OF SOUNDING LIP OF 2 1/2, AND IS THE FIRST BELL OF THIS THICKNESS EVER CAST IN ENGLAND. THE BELL IS OF THE HEIGHT OF 27 1/2, AND IS THE FIRST BELL OF THIS HEIGHT EVER CAST IN ENGLAND. THE BELL IS OF THE DIAMETER BY MOUTH OF 27 1/2, AND IS THE FIRST BELL OF THIS DIAMETER EVER CAST IN ENGLAND. THE BELL IS OF THE WEIGHT WITH CLAPPER OF 2 TONS 22 CWT., AND IS THE FIRST BELL OF THIS WEIGHT EVER CAST IN ENGLAND.
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The mechanism for actuating the hammer
the bell Big Ben

Big Ben is the only one bell.

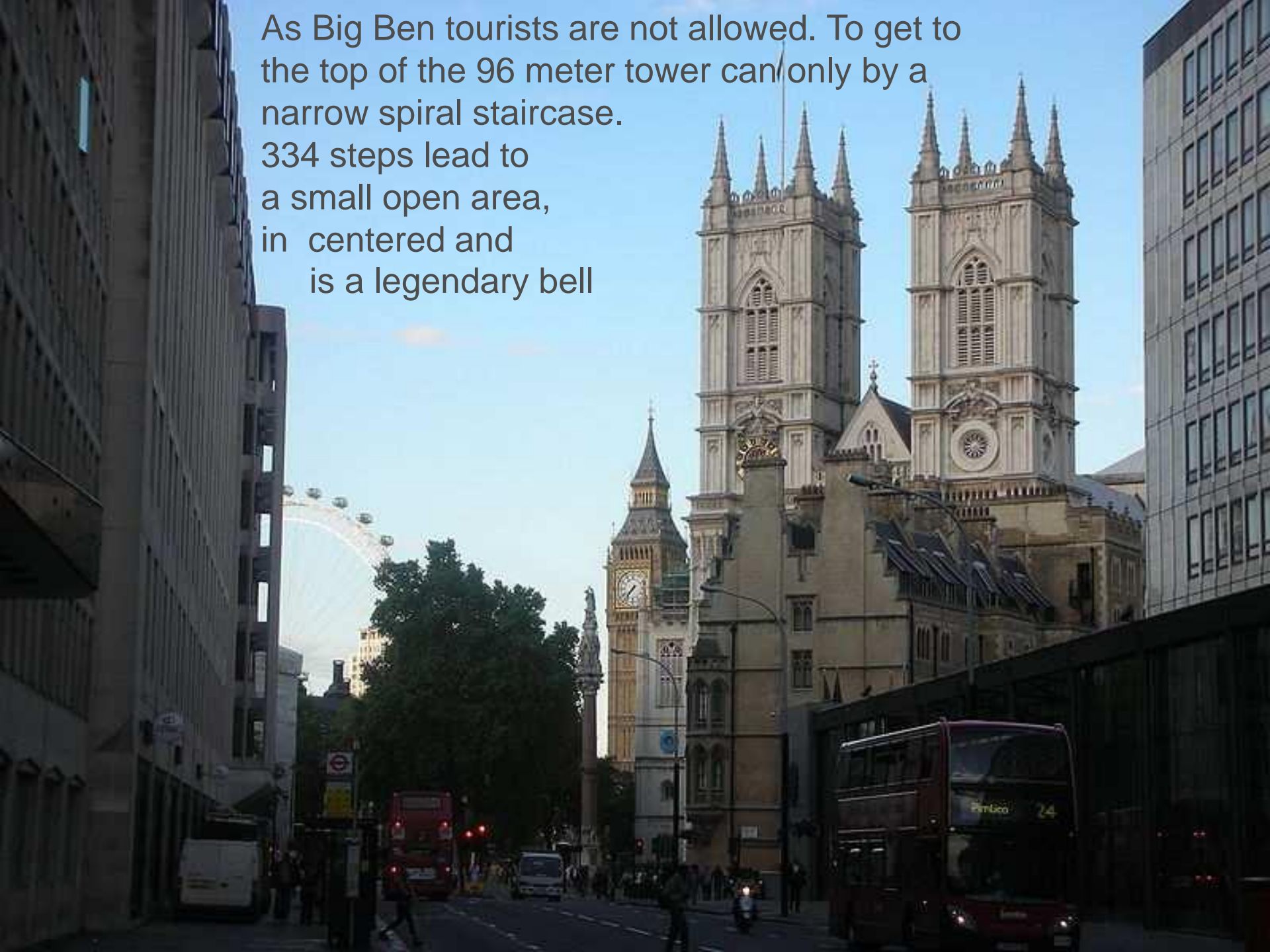
The height of the more than 2 meters and the diameter is about 3 meters



The tower's height 61 meters (not counting the spire); clock located at a height of 55 m from the ground. When the diameter of the dial is 7 meters in length and arrows in the 2.7 and 4.2 meters, the height of each number - only 61 cm. watch long considered the world's largest



As Big Ben tourists are not allowed. To get to the top of the 96 meter tower can only by a narrow spiral staircase. 334 steps lead to a small open area, in centered and is a legendary bell



The name Big Ben is surrounded by interesting stories. The official version: the bell is named after the chief of construction sulfur Benjamin Hall. For his impressive size foreman gave the nickname Big Ben. The other version - the bell got its name from the athlete and boxer Victorian



After the battle, the first blow hammer Chimes of Big Ben is exactly the same from the first second of the hour. Every 2 days the mechanism is thoroughly tested and grease, counted daily temperature and pressure



Big Ben clock face looking at all four corners of the world. It is estimated that the minute hands are held during the year a total distance of 190 km



Big Ben - a symbol of his time. The period of greatest dawn of the country. And the inscription in Latin: "God Save the Queen Victoria" - a tribute of personal respect for the monarch, and in which there was such a thing as the British Empire



Opening these were incredibly popular in England and abroad. In London, as a host of "Little Benov" reduced copies of the tower St. Stephen's clock at the top





In almost every area
of London you
can find little Ben



**These towers - a cross
between architectural structure and
floor lounges for hours -began to
build almost all intersections**



Big Ben from the ice



Six-meter copy of "Big Ben" made out of cans of Coca-Cola has been exhibited in London's Park in order to attract people's attention to the issue of recycling



Art installation, created by sculptor Robert Bradford, was the opening week recycling. "Big Ben" - one of four sculptures that have appeared in the UK to raise the question of the importance of proper disposal of waste



In 2008, Italy raised almost exact replica of London's famous clock tower in the scale.

We worked on it for two weeks, and it became the main attraction of the festival of food, which is held annually in central Italy





Chocolate tower nearly 35 feet (15 meters) was created from 17 600 pounds (more than 8 tons) of chocolate. The author of the works of artist Angelo Fedutstsi





Tower stood not long, and the star of the festival
quickly eaten

A pair of businessmen Chris Sadler and Mike Harper of the English county of Cheshire created a copy of the tower height of about 20 m of straw, for the realization of the project they needed more than 500 bales of the total weight of over 20 tons





The Houses of Parliament

- The UK has parliamentary government
- Parliament of Great Britain, sitting in the Palace of Westminster has two chambers:
 - An elected House of Commons
 - Appointed by the House of Lords
- Any adopted document requires Royal Assent to become law



Palace of Westminster, the seat of the
both Houses of Parliament of Great Britain



- Tower of London, is historical monument, located in central London, on the northern bank of the Thames



The Tower

- Initially, the tower has served as the fortress, royal palace and prison (particularly for the noble prisoners and members of the royal family, such as the "Princes in the Tower of London" (Prince Edward and Richard) and the future Queen Elisabeth I)
- Quite a few ladies of the royal family, representing a threat to the British throne, were taken to the Tower and then executed



Trafalgar Square



Trafalgar Square - square in central London, where, in place of the crossCharingskogo converge three paramount streets of Westminster - the Strand, Whitehall and the Mall

- In the center - Nelson's column of dark gray granite 44 m high, topped by a statue Nelson
- It was built in 1840-1843, respectively, surrounded by statues lions and fountains



- Trafalgar Square - a traditional place for demonstrations, as well as holding mass celebrations - such as Chinese New Year and Russian Old New Year





- Every year in Trafalgar Square Christmas tree is installed home country, imported from Norway

London St. Paul's Cathedral

- St Paul's Cathedral is located almost in the heart of the City, one of the oldest areas of London





If you see the cathedral from the outside, then one is struck first of all its length - nearly 180 feet! Inside the cathedral height from the floor to the top of the dome - 68 feet, the height of the cathedral with a cross - 120 meters



Buckingham Palace



- The palace was officially announced as the main residence of British monarchs with the enthronement of Queen Victoria in 1837

Westminster
Abbey - a place
of coronation
of British
monarchs -
Supreme Ruler
of the Church of
England





Hyde Park



One of the largest parks in London's West End



The main gate of Hyde Park



London - the largest financial center in the world on a par with New York

London University



Founded in 1836.
One of the
largest and most
prestigious universiti
es in the UK



- It consists of 20 independent colleges and 11 institutes
- Colleges and institutes are located in different parts of London and surrounding counties
- Foundation of the University Library (founded 1871) is about 1 million volumes
- In 1878 the university first began to award degrees to women?



5th terminal Heathrow airport with the largest number of international passengers in the world

**Hope you
liked our
trip!**

